



**Astrid Konrad**

**Kontakt**

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## Publikationen (9)

Török H, Bellon V, Konrad A, Lacher M, Tonenchi L, Siebeck M, Brand S, De Toni E. Functional Toll-Like Receptor (TLR)2 polymorphisms in the susceptibility to inflammatory bowel disease. *PLoS one* 2017; 12:e0175180.

Glas J, Klein W, Epplen J, Schiemann U, Mussack T, Lohse P, Göke B, Ochsenkühn T, Folwaczny M, Müller-Myhsok B, Griga T, Jürgens M, Stallhofer J, Seiderer J, Pasciuto G, Tillack C, Diegelmann J, Pfennig S, Konrad A, Schmechel S, Wetzke M, Török H, Brand S. rs224136 on chromosome 10q21.1 and variants in PHOX2B, NCF4, and FAM92B are not major genetic risk factors for susceptibility to Crohn's disease in the German population. *Am J Gastroenterol* 2009; 104:665-72.

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Glas J, Epplen J, Schiemann U, Folwaczny C, Lohse P, Göke B, Ochsenkühn T, Müller-Myhsok B, Folwaczny M, Mussack T, Klein W, Griga T, Maier K, Seiderer J, Wetzke M, Konrad A, Török H, Schmechel S, Tonenchi L, Grassl C, Dambacher J, Pfennig S, Brand S. rs1004819 is the main disease-associated IL23R variant in German Crohn's disease patients: combined analysis of IL23R, CARD15, and OCTN1/2 variants. *PLoS one* 2007; 2:e819.

Dambacher J, Lohse P, Ochsenkühn T, Göke B, Diebold J, Otte J, Tillack C, Konrad A, Hofbauer K, Pfennig S, Schnitzler F, Sisic Z, Seiderer J, Staudinger T, Brand S. Macrophage migration inhibitory factor (MIF) -173G/C promoter polymorphism influences upper gastrointestinal tract involvement and disease activity in patients with Crohn's disease. *Inflamm Bowel Dis* 2007; 13:71-82.

Brand S, Ochsenkühn T, Göke B, Konrad A, Tillack C, Seiderer J, Pfennig S, Staudinger T, Schnitzler F, Dambacher J, Hofbauer K, Lohse P. Increased expression of the chemokine fractalkine in Crohn's disease and association of the fractalkine receptor T280M polymorphism with a fibrostenosing disease phenotype. *Am J Gastroenterol* 2006; 101:99-106.

Brand S, Lohse P, Göke B, Crispin A, Konrad A, Tillack C, Seiderer J, Dambacher J, Hofbauer K, Pfennig S, Schnitzler F, Staudinger T, Ochsenkühn T. The role of Toll-like receptor 4 Asp299Gly and Thr399Ile polymorphisms and CARD15/NOD2 mutations in the susceptibility and phenotype of Crohn's disease. *Inflamm Bowel Dis* 2005; 11:645-52.

## Projekte (0)

Keine Resultate gefunden.

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